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## Structure Reports

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**catena-Poly[[trimethyltin(IV)]- $\mu$ -2-phenylbutanoato]**

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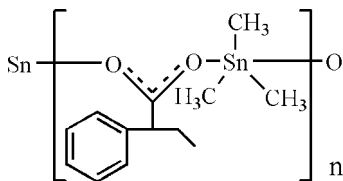
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 298$  K; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.006$  Å;  
 $R$  factor = 0.023;  $wR$  factor = 0.060; data-to-parameter ratio = 16.9.

In the title polymeric coordination compound,  $[\text{Sn}(\text{CH}_3)_3(\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{11}\text{O}_2)]_n$ , the Sn atom has a distorted trigonal-bipyramidal coordination geometry, with two O atoms of two symmetry-related carboxylate ligands in axial positions and three methyl groups in equatorial positions. In the crystal structure, carboxylate bridges link the metal atoms, forming zigzag chains parallel to the  $b$  axis.

## Related literature

For the biological activity of organotin compounds, see: Dubey & Roy (2003). For a related structure, see: Ma *et al.* (2008).



## Experimental

## Crystal data

$[\text{Sn}(\text{CH}_3)_3(\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{11}\text{O}_2)]$   
 $M_r = 326.98$   
Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$   
 $a = 11.0872$  (12) Å  
 $b = 10.0385$  (9) Å  
 $c = 13.2736$  (15) Å  
 $\beta = 103.828$  (1)°

$V = 1434.5$  (3) Å<sup>3</sup>  
 $Z = 4$   
Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  
 $\mu = 1.77$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 298$  K  
 $0.46 \times 0.43 \times 0.35$  mm

## Data collection

Siemens SMART CCD area-detector diffractometer  
Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Sheldrick, 1996)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.497$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.577$

6977 measured reflections  
2512 independent reflections  
2027 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.027$

## Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.023$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.060$   
 $S = 1.14$   
2512 reflections

149 parameters  
H-atom parameters constrained  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.88$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.50$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

Data collection: *SMART* (Siemens, 1996); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Siemens, 1996); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

We thank the National Natural Science Foundation of China (20971096) for financial support.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: RZ2525).

## References

- Dubey, S. K. & Roy, U. (2003). *Appl. Organomet. Chem.* **17**, 3–8.  
Ma, C., Wang, Q. & Zhang, R. (2008). *Eur. J. Inorg. Chem.* pp. 1926–1934.  
Sheldrick, G. M. (1996). *SADABS*. University of Göttingen, Germany.  
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**supplementary materials**

*Acta Cryst.* (2010). E66, m1627 [ doi:10.1107/S1600536810047835 ]

### ***catena*-Poly[[trimethyltin(IV)]- $\mu$ -2-phenylbutanoato]**

**B. Zhang and R. Zhang**

#### **Comment**

In recent years, organotin compounds have been attracting more and more attention due to their wide range of industrial applications and biological activities (Dubey & Roy, 2003). As a part of our ongoing investigations in this field, we have synthesized the title compound and present its crystal structure here.

The asymmetric unit of the title compound is shown in Fig. 1. An extended one-dimensional zigzag chain structure running parallel to the *b* axis is formed by the bridging role of the 2-phenyl-butyrates anions (Fig. 2). The Sn—O bond distances in the compound (Sn1—O1 = 2.446 (2) Å; Sn1—O2<sup>i</sup> = 2.173 (2) Å; symmetry code: (i): 1-x, 1/2+y, 1/2-z) are comparable to those found in a related organotin carboxylate (Ma *et al.*, 2008). The Sn atom is five-coordinate in a slightly distorted trigonal-bipyramidal coordination geometry, provided by and the methyl groups in the equatorial positions and two O atoms of symmetry related carboxylate groups in the axial positions.

#### **Experimental**

The reaction was carried out under a nitrogen atmosphere. 2-Phenyl-butyrac acid (1 mmol) and sodium ethoxide (1 mmol) were added to a stirred solution of benzene (30 ml) in a Schlenk flask and stirred for 0.5 h. Trimethyltin chloride (1 mmol) was then added to the reactor and the reaction mixture was stirred for 12 h at room temperature. The resulting clear solution was evaporated under vacuum. The product was crystallized from a solution of diethyl ether to yield colourless block-like crystals of the title compound (yield 78%). Anal. Calcd (%) for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>20</sub>O<sub>2</sub>Sn<sub>1</sub> (Mr = 328.05): C, 47.75; H, 6.16. Found (%): C, 47.56; H, 6.29.

#### **Refinement**

The H atoms were positioned geometrically, with methyl C—H distances of 0.96 Å and aromatic C—H distances of 0.93 Å, and refined as riding on their parent atoms, with  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2 U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$  or  $1.5 U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$  for the methyl groups.

#### **Figures**

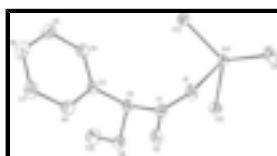


Fig. 1. The asymmetric unit of the title compound, showing 50% probability displacement ellipsoids. H atoms are omitted for clarity.

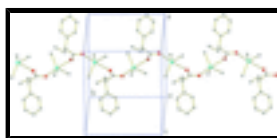


Fig. 2. Partial packing diagram of the title compound showing a polymeric chain parallel to the *b* axis. Hydrogen atoms are omitted for clarity.

## catena-Poly[[trimethyltin(IV)]- $\mu$ -2-phenylbutanoato]

### Crystal data

[Sn(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> (C <sub>10</sub> H <sub>11</sub> O <sub>2</sub> )]	$F(000) = 656$
$M_r = 326.98$	$D_x = 1.514 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$
Hall symbol: -P 2ybc	Cell parameters from 3646 reflections
$a = 11.0872 (12) \text{ \AA}$	$\theta = 2.2\text{--}27.1^\circ$
$b = 10.0385 (9) \text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 1.77 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$c = 13.2736 (15) \text{ \AA}$	$T = 298 \text{ K}$
$\beta = 103.828 (1)^\circ$	Block, colourless
$V = 1434.5 (3) \text{ \AA}^3$	$0.46 \times 0.43 \times 0.35 \text{ mm}$
$Z = 4$	

### Data collection

Siemens SMART CCD area-detector diffractometer	2512 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube graphite	2027 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
phi and $\omega$ scans	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.027$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 1996)	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 25.0^\circ$ , $\theta_{\text{min}} = 1.9^\circ$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.497$ , $T_{\text{max}} = 0.577$	$h = -13 \rightarrow 10$
6977 measured reflections	$k = -11 \rightarrow 11$
	$l = -15 \rightarrow 15$

### Refinement

Refinement on $F^2$	Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
Least-squares matrix: full	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.023$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$wR(F^2) = 0.060$	H-atom parameters constrained
$S = 1.14$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0194P)^2 + 0.8554P]$
2512 reflections	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
149 parameters	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$
0 restraints	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.88 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.50 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

### Special details

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations

between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Sn1	0.44402 (2)	0.40204 (2)	0.201458 (18)	0.03753 (9)
O1	0.5747 (2)	0.2100 (2)	0.2682 (2)	0.0540 (7)
O2	0.6875 (2)	0.0565 (2)	0.3670 (2)	0.0491 (6)
C1	0.6678 (3)	0.1777 (3)	0.3364 (3)	0.0416 (8)
C2	0.7630 (3)	0.2802 (3)	0.3881 (3)	0.0429 (8)
H2	0.7332	0.3676	0.3597	0.052*
C3	0.8877 (3)	0.2555 (3)	0.3620 (3)	0.0398 (8)
C4	0.9310 (4)	0.3421 (4)	0.2984 (3)	0.0532 (10)
H4	0.8832	0.4157	0.2712	0.064*
C5	1.0441 (4)	0.3220 (5)	0.2740 (3)	0.0644 (12)
H5	1.0713	0.3812	0.2302	0.077*
C6	1.1157 (4)	0.2158 (4)	0.3139 (4)	0.0625 (11)
H6	1.1917	0.2023	0.2974	0.075*
C7	1.0759 (4)	0.1288 (4)	0.3784 (4)	0.0605 (11)
H7	1.1252	0.0568	0.4067	0.073*
C8	0.9617 (4)	0.1485 (4)	0.4013 (3)	0.0539 (10)
H8	0.9344	0.0882	0.4442	0.065*
C9	0.7729 (3)	0.2846 (4)	0.5052 (3)	0.0542 (10)
H9A	0.6904	0.2941	0.5171	0.065*
H9B	0.8071	0.2009	0.5358	0.065*
C10	0.8547 (4)	0.3992 (4)	0.5590 (4)	0.0714 (13)
H10A	0.9387	0.3852	0.5540	0.107*
H10B	0.8521	0.4025	0.6307	0.107*
H10C	0.8245	0.4818	0.5260	0.107*
C11	0.3315 (4)	0.2560 (4)	0.1071 (3)	0.0580 (11)
H11A	0.3437	0.1713	0.1416	0.087*
H11B	0.3542	0.2497	0.0419	0.087*
H11C	0.2457	0.2813	0.0952	0.087*
C12	0.4289 (4)	0.4269 (4)	0.3558 (3)	0.0585 (11)
H12A	0.5019	0.4708	0.3954	0.088*
H12B	0.4208	0.3413	0.3857	0.088*
H12C	0.3570	0.4800	0.3564	0.088*
C13	0.5938 (3)	0.4815 (4)	0.1461 (3)	0.0537 (10)
H13A	0.5620	0.5422	0.0902	0.081*
H13B	0.6373	0.4104	0.1218	0.081*
H13C	0.6496	0.5279	0.2014	0.081*

## supplementary materials

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### Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
Sn1	0.03457 (14)	0.03491 (14)	0.04067 (16)	0.00008 (11)	0.00416 (10)	-0.00243 (11)
O1	0.0432 (15)	0.0420 (14)	0.0667 (18)	0.0031 (12)	-0.0065 (13)	0.0054 (13)
O2	0.0419 (14)	0.0321 (13)	0.0641 (18)	-0.0046 (10)	-0.0052 (12)	0.0063 (12)
C1	0.037 (2)	0.038 (2)	0.049 (2)	0.0002 (15)	0.0094 (17)	-0.0024 (17)
C2	0.0395 (19)	0.0355 (19)	0.052 (2)	-0.0022 (15)	0.0075 (17)	0.0012 (17)
C3	0.0360 (18)	0.0355 (19)	0.044 (2)	-0.0047 (15)	0.0020 (16)	-0.0059 (16)
C4	0.050 (2)	0.049 (2)	0.060 (3)	-0.0004 (18)	0.012 (2)	0.008 (2)
C5	0.059 (3)	0.067 (3)	0.073 (3)	-0.006 (2)	0.027 (2)	0.008 (2)
C6	0.045 (2)	0.063 (3)	0.081 (3)	-0.004 (2)	0.019 (2)	-0.013 (2)
C7	0.049 (2)	0.051 (2)	0.080 (3)	0.0110 (19)	0.012 (2)	0.001 (2)
C8	0.053 (2)	0.047 (2)	0.062 (3)	0.0039 (18)	0.014 (2)	0.010 (2)
C9	0.053 (2)	0.056 (2)	0.054 (2)	0.001 (2)	0.0138 (19)	0.000 (2)
C10	0.083 (3)	0.067 (3)	0.063 (3)	-0.010 (2)	0.015 (2)	-0.022 (2)
C11	0.061 (2)	0.042 (2)	0.059 (3)	0.0054 (19)	-0.010 (2)	-0.0134 (19)
C12	0.064 (3)	0.066 (3)	0.048 (2)	-0.002 (2)	0.018 (2)	-0.002 (2)
C13	0.044 (2)	0.060 (2)	0.059 (3)	0.0031 (19)	0.017 (2)	0.010 (2)

### Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ , $^\circ$ )

Sn1—C12	2.110 (4)	C6—H6	0.9300
Sn1—C13	2.125 (3)	C7—C8	1.385 (5)
Sn1—C11	2.128 (3)	C7—H7	0.9300
Sn1—O2 <sup>i</sup>	2.173 (2)	C8—H8	0.9300
Sn1—O1	2.446 (2)	C9—C10	1.532 (5)
O1—C1	1.243 (4)	C9—H9A	0.9700
O2—C1	1.285 (4)	C9—H9B	0.9700
O2—Sn1 <sup>ii</sup>	2.173 (2)	C10—H10A	0.9600
C1—C2	1.516 (5)	C10—H10B	0.9600
C2—C3	1.524 (5)	C10—H10C	0.9600
C2—C9	1.533 (5)	C11—H11A	0.9600
C2—H2	0.9800	C11—H11B	0.9600
C3—C4	1.376 (5)	C11—H11C	0.9600
C3—C8	1.376 (5)	C12—H12A	0.9600
C4—C5	1.384 (5)	C12—H12B	0.9600
C4—H4	0.9300	C12—H12C	0.9600
C5—C6	1.359 (6)	C13—H13A	0.9600
C5—H5	0.9300	C13—H13B	0.9600
C6—C7	1.368 (6)	C13—H13C	0.9600
C12—Sn1—C13	122.76 (17)	C8—C7—H7	120.2
C12—Sn1—C11	118.78 (16)	C3—C8—C7	121.4 (4)
C13—Sn1—C11	116.88 (17)	C3—C8—H8	119.3
C12—Sn1—O2 <sup>i</sup>	96.92 (13)	C7—C8—H8	119.3
C13—Sn1—O2 <sup>i</sup>	95.12 (12)	C10—C9—C2	112.7 (3)
C11—Sn1—O2 <sup>i</sup>	90.26 (12)	C10—C9—H9A	109.1

C12—Sn1—O1	85.38 (13)	C2—C9—H9A	109.1
C13—Sn1—O1	88.69 (12)	C10—C9—H9B	109.1
C11—Sn1—O1	83.32 (12)	C2—C9—H9B	109.1
O2 <sup>i</sup> —Sn1—O1	173.50 (8)	H9A—C9—H9B	107.8
C1—O1—Sn1	141.9 (2)	C9—C10—H10A	109.5
C1—O2—Sn1 <sup>ii</sup>	119.8 (2)	C9—C10—H10B	109.5
O1—C1—O2	121.8 (3)	H10A—C10—H10B	109.5
O1—C1—C2	121.3 (3)	C9—C10—H10C	109.5
O2—C1—C2	116.9 (3)	H10A—C10—H10C	109.5
C1—C2—C3	111.0 (3)	H10B—C10—H10C	109.5
C1—C2—C9	110.6 (3)	Sn1—C11—H11A	109.5
C3—C2—C9	112.7 (3)	Sn1—C11—H11B	109.5
C1—C2—H2	107.4	H11A—C11—H11B	109.5
C3—C2—H2	107.4	Sn1—C11—H11C	109.5
C9—C2—H2	107.4	H11A—C11—H11C	109.5
C4—C3—C8	117.5 (3)	H11B—C11—H11C	109.5
C4—C3—C2	120.3 (3)	Sn1—C12—H12A	109.5
C8—C3—C2	122.1 (3)	Sn1—C12—H12B	109.5
C3—C4—C5	121.4 (4)	H12A—C12—H12B	109.5
C3—C4—H4	119.3	Sn1—C12—H12C	109.5
C5—C4—H4	119.3	H12A—C12—H12C	109.5
C6—C5—C4	120.0 (4)	H12B—C12—H12C	109.5
C6—C5—H5	120.0	Sn1—C13—H13A	109.5
C4—C5—H5	120.0	Sn1—C13—H13B	109.5
C5—C6—C7	120.0 (4)	H13A—C13—H13B	109.5
C5—C6—H6	120.0	Sn1—C13—H13C	109.5
C7—C6—H6	120.0	H13A—C13—H13C	109.5
C6—C7—C8	119.7 (4)	H13B—C13—H13C	109.5
C6—C7—H7	120.2		

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x+1, y+1/2, -z+1/2$ ; (ii)  $-x+1, y-1/2, -z+1/2$ .

Fig. 1

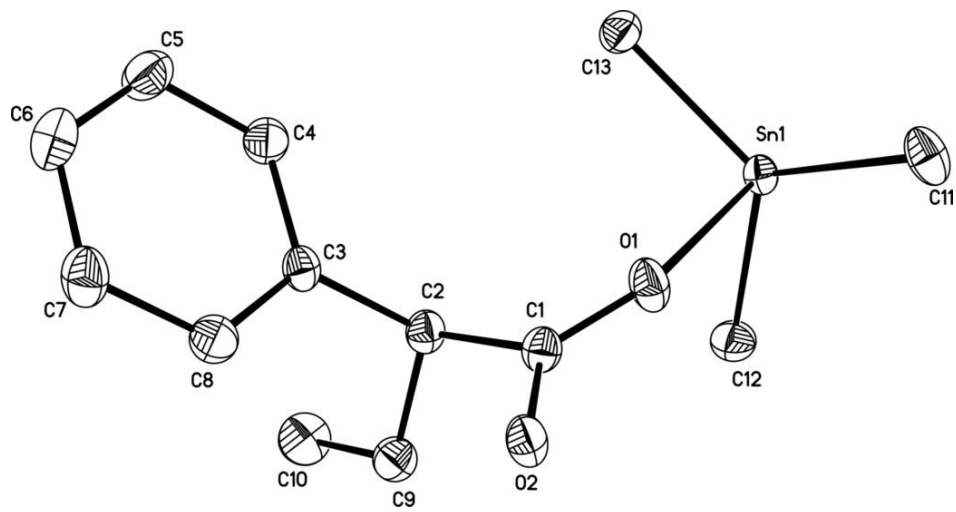




Fig. 2

